BEFORE THE BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Petition for Reinstatement of Revoked Certificate of:

No. SI-2006-015

SCOTT KENDALL BARTON,

OAH No. N2006030767

Petitioner.

DECISION

On May 19, 2006, in San Jose, California, this matter was heard by the State of California Board of Accountancy. Board members present and participating in the hearing were Ronald Blanc, Esq., President; David L. Swartz, CPA, Vice President; Ruben A. Davila, CPA, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer; Richard S. Charney, D.C.; Angela Chi, CPA; Donald A. Driftmier, CPA; Thomas Iino, CPA; Clifton Johnson; Bill MacAloney; Marcus McDaniel, Esq.; Robert Petersen, CPA; Renata Sos, Esq.; and Stuart T. Waldman. M. Amanda Behe, Administrative Law Judge, State of California, Office of Administrative Hearings, presided.

Petitioner Scott Kendall Barton represented himself.

Michael R. Granen, Deputy Attorney General, appeared pursuant to Government Code section 11522.

This matter was submitted on May 19, 2006.

FACTUAL FINDINGS

- 1. On May 8, 1981, the Board of Accountancy issued Certified Public Accountant certificate No. 31817 to petitioner Scott Kendall Barton.
- 2. On June 21, 2003, in Case No. AC-2002-4, petitioner and the Board entered into a Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order in which petitioner admitted that his right to practice before the United States Securities and Exchange Commission had been suspended or revoked on July 2, 2001, in an administrative proceeding before the SEC entitled "In the Matter of Scott K. Barton, CPA, SEC Proceeding No. 3-10528," and he was denied the privilege of appearing or practicing before the SEC for his conduct as the controller of Paracelsus Healthcare Corporation. In the Stipulated Settlement petitioner

agreed that his certificate was subject to discipline pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 5100, subdivision (g), and to revocation of his license. He further agreed that if he should seek reinstatement he would reimburse the Board's costs of \$6,500, prior to the consideration of such a petition.

The Texas Board of Public Accountancy revoked petitioner's public accountancy certificate in that state on the basis of the discipline imposed by the SEC. Petitioner lived in Texas until May 2005, when he returned to California.

3. On February 6, 2006, petitioner filed a petition for reinstatement of his CPA certificate. In that document petitioner wrote that he hopes to secure a position as a CFO or Controller for a company in private industry, and does not expect to work in a CPA practice or firm.

From December 1997 to April 2004 petitioner was the CFO of IMED Group, a physician practice management company serving primarily anesthesiologists and registered nurses. In that position he supervised seven employees, including two CPAs, and interacted directly with the outside CPA firm, Mann Frankfort Stein & Lipp, which conducted the annual audit and prepared tax returns. From April 2004 to the date of submission of his petitioner he has been the CEO of NASCO, a management consulting firm in Corona, California.

Since the revocation of his license petitioner has completed 148.5 hours of continuing education, with an emphasis on reporting requirements of public companies. He described in his petition that he has worked diligently to improve his technical and professional skills and correct the weaknesses that led to the SEC Order.

The petition was accompanied by ten letters of reference from individuals who know petitioner personally and professionally, and support the reinstatement of his certificate. Ron Booker, CPA, who was petitioner's immediate supervisor for over six years at IMED, wrote that petitioner conducts himself in a professional manner and was respected by his peers and the firm's clients. Gregg Steffen, CPA, a partner with Mann Frankfort Stein & Lipp, wrote that petitioner was ethical and professional, and has the requisite knowledge, technical ability and integrity required of a CPA. Petitioner has donated his time to an effort to establish a clinical research organization. Nathan Schwartz wrote that petitioner has spent countless hours of his personal time to the effort to bring access to cancer drugs to emerging countries.

Petitioner reimbursed the Board's costs of \$6,500, representing the cost of investigation and prosecution of Case No. AC-2002-4.

4. On March 18, 2006, petitioner submitted evidence of his payment of the civil penalty assessed in the civil action in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, Case No. CIV H-01-2022, captioned "SEC v. Ron Messenger, et al."

- 5. On November 10, 2005, the Texas Board of Public Accountancy issued its Order granting reinstatement of petitioner's public accountancy certificate in that state.
- 6. On February 17, 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued its "Order Granting Application for Reinstatement to Appear and Practice Before the Commission as an Accountant Responsible for the Preparation or Review of Financial Statements Required to be Filed with the Commission" with regard to petitioner's CPA credential.
- 7. In April 2006 petitioner was hired as a Controller of the Pharmacy Division of Kaiser Permanente. Petitioner testified that at age 54 he hopes to remain in that position, which requires licensure. That condition is satisfied by the reinstatement of his Texas license, but for professional and personal reasons he hopes for reinstatement of his California license as well.
- 8. Petitioner took responsibility for his actions and persuasively testified that he would never do anything unethical in his practice again. In addition to the impact on his licenses, petitioner's errors have had an impact on his family, income, and professional standing. If he were ever faced with pressure to misrepresent facts petitioner would report to the proper authorities and resign his position.

Both the SEC and the Texas Board of Accountancy have scrutinized petitioner's activities and determined he is rehabilitated. His testimony displayed sincere remorse, and his substantial continuing education more than satisfies the requirements for attest work and license renewal.

LEGAL CONCLUSIONS

Petitioner established by clear and convincing evidence that he is rehabilitated and is competent to practice as a certified public accountant.

ORDER

The petition of Scott Kendall Barton for reinstatement of Certified Public Accountant certificate No. 31817 is granted.

DATED: June 20, 2006

RONALD BLANC, ESQ., PRESIDENT

Board of Accountancy

State of California

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 3. On or about May 8, 1981, the California Board of Accountancy issued

Certified Public Accountant Certificate No. 31817 to the Respondent in this matter, Scott Kendall

Barton. The certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in

Accusation No. AC-2002-4 and is renewed, in a status permitting active practice, through January 31, 2004.

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JURISDICTION

4. Accusation No. AC-2002-4 was filed before the Board and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on January 4, 2002. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. A copy of Accusation No. AC-2002-4 is attached as exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. AC-2002-4. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel at his own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

8. Respondent admits that his right to practice before the United States Securities and Exchange Commission has been suspended or revoked in that, on or about July 2, 2001, in an

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administrative proceeding before the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), entitled In the Matter of Scott K. Barton, CPA (SEC Administrative Proceeding No. 3-10528), Respondent was denied the privilege of appearing or practicing before the SEC as an accountant for h conduct as the controller of Paracelsus Healthcare Corporation while he was licensed by the Board as a Certified Public Accountant.

Respondent agrees that his Certified Public Accountant Certificate is subject to 9. discipline under Business and Professions Code Section 5100(h)(formerly Section 5100(g)), and he agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the Disciplinary Order belby

CONTINGENCY

- This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the California Board of 10. Accountancy. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the California Board of Accountancy may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to allo this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated 11. Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force a effect as the originals.
- In consideration of Respondent's stipulation to license revocation, the Board 12. will not seek reimbursement of related and accrued investigation and prosecution costs in this matter this time. However, should respondent seek reinstatement of his certificate in the future, he agrees the prior the Board's consideration of his petition for reinstatement, he will reimburse the Board \$6,500.00 as reimbursement for costs incurred in this action.

The SEC's order provides that Respondent Barton may apply to resume such practice after three years.

In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree 13. that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

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DISCIPLINARY ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Certified Public Accountant Certificate No. 31817 issued to Respondent Scott Kendall Barton is revoked.

ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Richard Forrest. I understand the stipulation and that I will no longer be licensed to practice under my California Certified Public Accountant Certificate. I enter int this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree be bound by the Decision and Order of the California Board of Accountancy.

3/27/03

DATED:

SCOTT KENDALL BARTON

Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Scott Kendall Barton the terms and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 3

RICHARD FORRES Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully

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BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. AC-2002-4
SCOTT KENDALL BARTON 11607 Ruby Canyon Lane Houston, TX 77093	OAH No. N 2003 030083
Certified Public Accountant Certificate No. 31817	
Respondent	
	•
DECISION AND	D ORDER
The attached Proposed Decision of the adopted by the CALIFORNIA BOARD OF above-entitled matter.	he Administrative Law Judge is hereby ACCOUNTANCY as its Decision in the
This Decision shall become effecti	ve on
IT IS SO ORDEREDMay	21, 2003
CALIFORNIA BOAI	RD OF ACCOUNTANCY
By WENDY S. PERE PRESIDENT, CALIF DEPARTMENT OF C	Z, CPA ORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY CONSUMER AFFAIRS

Exhibit A Accusation No. AC-2002-4

1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General	
2	of the State of California JEANNE C. WERNER, State Bar No. 93170	
3	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice	
4	1515 Clay Street, 21st Floor P.O. Box 70550	
5	Oakland, CA 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2226	
	Facsimile: (510) 622-2121	
6	Attorneys for Complainant	
7	DEFODE THE	
8	BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. AC-2002-4	
12	SCOTT KENDALL BARTON 11607 Ruby Canyon Lane	
13	Houston, TX 77093 ACCUSATION	
14	CPA Certificate No. 31817,	
15	Respondent.	
16	Complainant Carol Sigmann alleges:	
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18	1. Carol Sigmann ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her	
19	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the California Board of Accountancy, Department of	
20	Consumer Affairs ("Board").	
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22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
23	Certificate Number No. 31817 to Scott Kendall Barton ("Respondent"). The Certified Public	
24	Accountant Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought	
25	herein and will expire on January 31, 2002, unless renewed.	
26	This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of Section	
27	5100 of the Business and Professions Code (hereinafter "Code"), which provides that the Board	
28	may discipline a license for unprofessional conduct which includes, but is not limited to, one or	
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28 satisfactory to the

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any combination of the following causes:

- (f) Willful violation of this chapter (the Accountancy Act) or any rule or regulation promulgated by the board under the authority granted under this chapter.
- (g) Suspension or revocation of the right to practice before any governmental body or agency.
 - (h) Fiscal dishonesty or breach of fiduciary responsibility of any kind.
- (i) Knowing preparation, publication or dissemination of false, fraudulent, or materially misleading financial statements, reports, or information.
- 4. Code Section 5063(a) provides that a Board licensee shall report to the board in writing of the occurrence of certain events occurring on or after January 1, 1997, within 30 days of the date the licensee has knowledge of these events, which include the cancellation, revocation, or suspension of the right to practice as a certified public accountant or a public accountant before any governmental body or agency.
- 5. Code Section 5107 provides for recovery by the Board of all reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees in specified disciplinary actions, including alleged violations of Code Section 5100(h) and (i). A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs signed by the executive officer, constitute prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case.
- 6. Code Section 118(b) provides in pertinent part that the suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by the Board shall not, during any period in which it may be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated, deprive the Board of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the licensee on any such ground. Code Section 5070.6 provides that, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an expired permit may be renewed at any time within five years after its expiration upon the filing of an application for renewal on a form prescribed by the board, payment of all accrued and unpaid renewal fees and providing evidence satisfactory to the board of compliance as required by Code Section 5070.5.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE - SEC Discipline

7. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code Section 5100(g) in that his right to practice before a governmental body or agency has been suspended or revoked. The circumstances are that, on or about July 2, 2001, in an administrative proceeding before the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), entitled *In the Matter of Scott K. Barton, CPA* (SEC Administrative Proceeding No. 3-10528), Respondent was denied the privilege of appearing or practicing before the SEC as an accountant. The order provides that Barton may apply to resume such practice after three years. The circumstances underlying the SEC's administrative action are as follows:

A. Respondent Barton was the controller of Paracelsus Healthcare Corporation ("Paracelsus") from 1981 through August 1996 (before its merger with Champion Healthcare Corporation). Paracelsus was incorporated in 1980 in California and formerly maintained its principal offices in Los Angeles, California. At all times relevant to the SEC's charges, Barton was licensed as a CPA in California.

B. Paracelsus registered a debt offering and began filing periodic reports with the SEC in 1993. By August 1996, it operated 52 hospitals and other medical facilities in seven states. In August 1996, it raised \$365 million in concurrent offerings of common stock and debt registered with the SEC, and merged with Champion, pursuant to an exchange offer registered with the SEC. In August 1996, Paracelsus became a publicly held, Section 12(b) reporting company. After the merger, Paracelsus moved its principal offices to Houston, Texas, and registered its common stock with the SEC. The stock then began trading on the NYSE and Paracelsus continued filing periodic reports with the SEC.

C. While Barton was Paracelsus' controller, he participated in a scheme by which Paracelsus inflated its quarterly and annual earnings. Barton and others created and used "cookie jar" reserves which were inappropriate under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, because no probable and reasonably estimable exposures justified their creation. Their later decrease artificially boosted Paracelsus' earnings and concealed a decline in earnings. By 1993, the accumulated reserves totaled at least \$16 million. This scheme enabled Paracelsus to understate

income in 1993, and then overstate income from 1994 through the third quarter of 1996 as reserves generated during prior periods were brought into income. Paracelsus materially overstated its annual and quarterly earnings in the audited financial statements and other disclosures in its (SEC) Form 10-K filings for 1993, 1994 and 1995, and in the financial statements and other disclosures in its Form 10-Q filings for the first, second and third quarters of 1996. Barton signed the Form 10-K filings and the Form 10-Q filings.

- D. Barton provided financial information and helped prepare the filings. Also, the Forms S-1 and S-4 filed with the SEC in 1996 by Paracelsus re-published the materially inaccurate audited financial statements for 1993, 1994 and 1995. Barton signed the registration statements, and provided financial information and helped prepare the statements.
- E. Further, Barton failed to disclose all material facts and/or made materially false or misleading statements regarding the reserves to Paracelsus' outside auditors.
- F. Following the 1996 merger, Paracelsus' new management commenced a special inquiry, uncovering the misconduct and resulting in the restatements of Paracelsus' financial statements for 1993, 1994, 1995 and the first three quarters of 1996. Its stock price dropped precipitously following disclosure of the accounting irregularities.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE - False, Fraudulent & Misleading Financial Statement, Reports and Information

- 8. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code Section 5100(i) for the knowing preparation, publication and/or dissemination of false, fraudulent, or materially misleading financial statements, reports, or information. The circumstances are those described in paragraph 7 above, specifically multiple instances of Barton's preparation, publication and dissemination of the required SEC filings, the false financial statements, and the false representations to auditors.
- 9. Incorporating by reference the matters alleged in paragraphs 7 and 8 above, cause for discipline of Barton's license is established under Code Section 5100(i).

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE - Fiscal Dishonesty & Breach of Fiduciary Duty

10. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code Section 5100(h) in

that, as is more particularly set forth in paragraph 7 above, he engaged in multiple acts of fiscal dishonesty in his creation and dissemination of false financial information, to his own benefit as an officer of the company, and multiple instances of breach of fiduciary duty to the company and its shareholders.

11. Incorporating by reference the matters alleged in paragraphs 7 and 10 above, cause for discipline of Barton's license is established under Code Section 5100(h).

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE - Failure to Report as Required

12. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code Section 5100(f) in conjunction with Code Section 5063(a)(3). Incorporating the matters set forth in paragraph 7 above, Respondent failed to report the denial of the privilege of appearing or practicing as an accountant before the SEC to the Board as required, and cause for discipline is thereby established.

OTHER MATTERS

- 13. Pursuant to Code Section 5107, it is requested that the administrative law judge, as part of the proposed decision in this proceeding, direct Respondent to pay to the Board all reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution in this case, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees.
- 14. It is charged, in aggravation of penalty, that at all times material to Respondent's misconduct described above, Barton was Paracelsus' controller, an officer of the corporation, and an experienced certified public accountant, and also that the misconduct occurred over a period of years and thus evidences a continuing course of misconduct and repeated instances of dishonesty and breach of fiduciary duty.

It is further charged, in aggravation of penalty, that a permanent injunction was entered against Respondent in a civil action in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, *SEC v.Ron Messenger, et al,* Case CIV.NO.H-01-2022 (S.D.TX,Houston Div.). The suit alleged, among other things, the misconduct described in paragraph 7 above. On or about January 17, 2001, in *SEC v. Ron Messenger et al*, Scott R. Barton consented to the entry of a Final Judgment of Permanent Injunction and Other Relief

1	against him. The Judgment against Barton was filed with the court on June 20, 2001,
2	permanently restraining him from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 and
3	Sections 10(b) and 13(b)(5) of the Exchange Act and Rules 10b-5, 13b-2-1 and 13b2-2
4	thereunder, and from aiding and abetting other specified violations. Barton was assessed a civil
5	penalty in the amount of \$25,000.
6	<u>PRAYER</u>
7	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein
8	alleged, and that following the hearing, the California Board of Accountancy issue a decision:
9	1. Revoking, suspending, or otherwise imposing discipline upon CPA
10	License Number 31817, issued to Scott Kendall Barton;
11	2. Ordering Scott Kendall Barton to pay the California Board of
12	Accountancy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to
13	Business and Professions Code section 5107; and
14	Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
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16	DATED: December 27 , 2001.
17	Carolina (
18	CAROL SIGMANN Executive Officer
19	California Board of Accountancy Department of Consumer Affairs
20	State of California Complainant
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